A Comprehensive Content and Risk Analysis of Maritime Shipping Operations in Arctic Canada

Connor Rettinger^{1, 2}, Dr. Jackie Dawson², Dr. Jean Andrey³, and Dr. Luke Copland²

- 1 Environment Climate Change Canada, Gatineau, Canada
- 2 Department of Geography, Environment, and Geomatics, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Canada
- 3 Department of Geography and Environmental Management, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Canada.



ESPG Environment, Society and Policy Group

Arctic Shipping: A Hot Topic in a Cold Environment



Figure 1. Map of the Northwest Passage with labelled routes and NORDREG zone (Dawson et al., 2018).

- What are all hazards and risks of maritime ship operations within the Northwest Passage?
- Where has previous data been collected from?
- Which hazards and risks can be assessed in future analyses?

Methodology: A Comprehensive Risk Analysis Framework



Methodology: A Comprehensive Risk Analysis Framework



Hazard

The **potential occurrence of a natural or human-induced physical event or trend** that may cause loss of life, injury, or other health impacts, as well as damage and loss to property, infrastructure, livelihoods, service provision, ecosystems and environmental resources.

Risk

The **potential for adverse consequences for human or ecological systems**, recognising the diversity of values and objectives associated with such systems. In the context of climate change, risks can arise from potential impacts of climate change as well as human responses to climate change. Relevant adverse consequences include those on lives, livelihoods, health and wellbeing, economic, social and cultural assets and investments, infrastructure, services (including ecosystem services), ecosystems and species.

^All terminology and definitions used within this analysis was taken from IPCC AR6 Report (IPCC, 2022).

Risk Analysis Results

	Risk Name	RR INDEX	RR Score	Data Quality Rating	Data Quality - Details
RISK	Operational discharges	HIGH	33.40	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Lack of Inuit agency	HIGH	33.00	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Degradation of indigenous cultural and natural resources	HIGH	32.80	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Underwater noise pollution	HIGH	32.55	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Reduction in resources to locals	HIGH	32.00	HIGH	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Lack of support for indigenous communities	HIGH	31.50	HIGH	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Black carbon air emissions	HIGH	31.23	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Exploitation of natural reserves	HIGH	30.56	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Oil spill clean-up costs	HIGH	29.88	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Travelling through marine protected areas	HIGH	29.06	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence

	Hazard Name	RR INDEX	RR Score	Data Quality Rating	Data Quality - Details
	Transportation of dangerous goods	VERY HIGH	41.36	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Multi-year sea ice presence	VERY HIGH	36.31	VERY HIGH	High agreement, Robust evidence
	Air emissions (combustion)	HIGH	35.54	VERY HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	HFO carriage and transport	HIGH	35.00	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
HAZRD	Navigational obstacles	HIGH	30.40	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Sea ice melt	HIGH	30.05	HIGH	High agreement, Robust evidence
	Operating in shallow waters	HIGH	28.88	VERY HIGH	High agreement, Robust evidence
	Climate fluctuation	HIGH	28.16	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Fire onboard	HIGH	27.75	HIGH	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Sea ice concentration	HIGH	27.26	HIGH	High agreement, Robust evidence

Risk Analysis Results - continued

	Thematic Group	RR INDEX	RR Score	Data Quality Rating	Data Quality - Details
	Community	HIGH	32.061	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Pollutants	HIGH	29.383	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Sealce	HIGH	29.376	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Environmental	HIGH	26.374	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
HEMES	Social	HIGH	26.116	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Economic	MODERATE	24.623	MODERATE	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Operational	MODERATE	23.394	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Assessment	MODERATE	22.948	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Navigational	MODERATE	22.143	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Human	MODERATE	21.755	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence

- **55 hazard variables were inventoried** (24 recommended for further examination) where 'Transportation of dangerous goods' and 'Multi-year sea ice' received the highest RR scores.
- **99 risk variables were inventoried** (47 recommended for further examination) where 'Community member displacement' and 'Socioeconomic impacts to indigenous peoples' variables received the highest RR scores.
- **12 thematic groups were inventoried** (5 considered 'HIGH' risk and recommended for further examination) where 'Community' and 'Pollutant' themes received the highest RR scores.

Risk Analysis Results - continued

	Thematic Group	RR INDEX	RR Score	Data Quality Rating	Data Quality - Details
	Community	HIGH	32.061	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Pollutants	HIGH	29.383	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Sealce	HIGH	29.376	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Environmental	HIGH	26.374	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
HEMES	Social	HIGH	26.116	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Economic	MODERATE	24.623	MODERATE	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Operational	MODERATE	23.394	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Assessment	MODERATE	22.948	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence
	Navigational	MODERATE	22.143	HIGH	High agreement, Medium evidence
	Human	MODERATE	21.755	MODERATE	Medium agreement, Medium evidence

- **55 hazard variables were inventoried** (24 recommended for further examination) where 'Transportation of dangerous goods' and 'Multi-year sea ice' received the highest RR scores.
- **99 risk variables were inventoried** (47 recommended for further examination) where 'Community member displacement' and 'Socioeconomic impacts to indigenous peoples' variables received the highest RR scores.
- **12 thematic groups were inventoried** (5 considered 'HIGH' risk and recommended for further examination) where 'Community' and 'Pollutant' themes received the highest RR scores.

Next Steps & Timelines



- Completion of a spatial analysis to identify important nodes, vessel routes, and points of interested along the NWP.
- Facilitation of a comprehensive risk assessment of all priority maritime shipping risks.

Thank you

If you have any questions or comments on this research project, please email crett041@uottawa.ca or contact using the QR code below:



Connor Rettinger, MSc, EPt

2023 & 2024 ECO Impact Award Finalist Analyst, Environment Climate Change Canada Department of Geography, University of Ottawa



E: crett041@uottawa.ca

References

Arctic Council. (2020). Guideline for Arctic Marine Risk Assessment. Arctic Council. Retrieved January 2023, from https://eppr.dnvgl.com/;

Chen, J.-L., Kang, S.-C., Guo, J.-M., Xu, M., and Zhang, Z.-M. (2021). Variation of sea ice and perspectives of the Northwest Passage in the Arctic Ocean. Advances in Climate Change Research, 12(4), 447–455. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.accre.2021.02.002</u>

Comer, B., Olmer, N., Mao, X., Roy, B., and Rutherford, D. (2017). Prevalence of heavy fuel oil and black carbon in Arctic shipping, 2015 to 2025. Washington DC, International Council on Clean Transportation. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.25607/OBP-1733

Copland, L., Dawson, J., Tivy, A., Delaney, F., and Cook, A. (2021). Changes in shipping navigability in the Canadian Arctic between 1972 and 2016. FACETS, 6, 1069–1087. https://doi.org/10.1139/facets-2020-0096

Dawson, J., Pizzolato, L., Howell, S.E.L., Copland, L., and Johnston, M.E. (2018). Temporal and Spatial Patterns of Ship Traffic in the Canadian Arctic from 1990 to 2015. Arctic, 71. 15-26. https://doi.org/10.14430/arctic4698

Haas, C., and Howell, S. E. (2015). Ice thickness in the northwest passage. Geophysical Research Letters, 42(18), 7673–7680. https://doi.org/10.1002/2015gl065704

IPCC, 2022: Climate Change 2022: Impacts, Adaptation, and Vulnerability. Contribution of Working Group II to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change [H.-O. Pörtner, D.C. Roberts, M. Tignor, E.S. Poloczanska, K. Mintenbeck, A. Alegría, M. Craig, S. Langsdorf, S. Löschke, V. Möller, A. Okem, B. Rama (eds.)]. Cambridge University Press. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK and New York, NY, USA, 3056 pp., doi:10.1017/9781009325844

International Organization for Standardization (ISO). (2009). Risk Management - Risk Assessment Techniques (IEC/FDIS 31010:2009). Retrieved from: https://bambangkesit.files.wordpress.com/2015/12/iso-31010_risk-management-risk-assessment-techniques.pdf

Johnston, M. E., Dawson, J., and Maher, P. T. (2017). Strategic development challenges in marine tourism in Nunavut. Resources, 6(3), 25. https://doi.org/10.3390/resources6030025

Mastrandrea, M., Field, C., Stocker, T., Edenhofer, O., Ebi, K., Frame, D., Held, H., Kriegler, E., Mach, K., Matschoss, P., Plattner, G.-K., Yohe, G., & Zwiers, F. (2010). Guidance Note for Lead Authors of the IPCC Fifth Assessment Report on Consistent Treatment of Uncertainties. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC). Available at http://www.ipcc.ch

Meredith, M., Sommerkorn, M., Cassotta, S., Derksen, C., Ekaykin, A., Hollowed, A., Kofinas, G., Mackintosh, A., Melbourne-Thomas, J., Muelbert, M.M.C., Ottersen, G., Pritchard, H., and Schuur, E. (2019). Polar Regions. In: IPCC Special Report on the Ocean and Cryosphere in a Changing Climate [H.-O. Pörtner, D.C. Roberts, V. Masson-Delmotte, P. Zhai, M. Tignor, E. Poloczanska, K. Mintenbeck, A. Alegría, M. Nicolai, A. Okem, J. Petzold, B. Rama, N.M. Weyer (eds.)]. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK and New York, NY, USA, pp. 203-320. https://doi.org/10.1017/9781009157964.005

Protection of the Arctic Marine Environment (PAME). (2009). (rep.). Arctic Marine Shipping Assessment 2009 Report. Arctic Council, April 2009, second printing Peeters, W., and Peng, Z. (2015). An Approach Towards Global Standardization of the Risk Matrix. Journal of Space Safety Engineering, 2(1), 31–38. https://doi.org/10.1016/s2468-8967(16)30037-4.