Establishing a Baseline Monitoring Program for Harmful Algal Blooms (HABs) in the Arctic

Thomas Farrugia Alaska Harmful Algal Bloom Network Coordinator, Alaska Ocean Observing System (AOOS)

farrugia@aoos.org



FARNOR

& CITIZE

MUNIT



Harmful Algal Blooms

- "HABs" = When algae produce toxins or accumulate to densities sufficient to have harmful effects on the environment or health
- HAB toxins determined to be a top priority for Alaska during a zoonotic disease workshop
- Greatest concern:

Alaska Ocean Observing System

- Alexandrium
 → Saxitoxin (paralytic shellfish poisoning)
- Pseudo-nitzschia
 Domoic acid (amnesic shellfish poisoning)
- Alaska HAB Network formed to address the risk of HABs to human health and wildlife populations

The Eye on Alaska's Coasts and Oceans



K. Holtermann

Pseudo-nitzschia

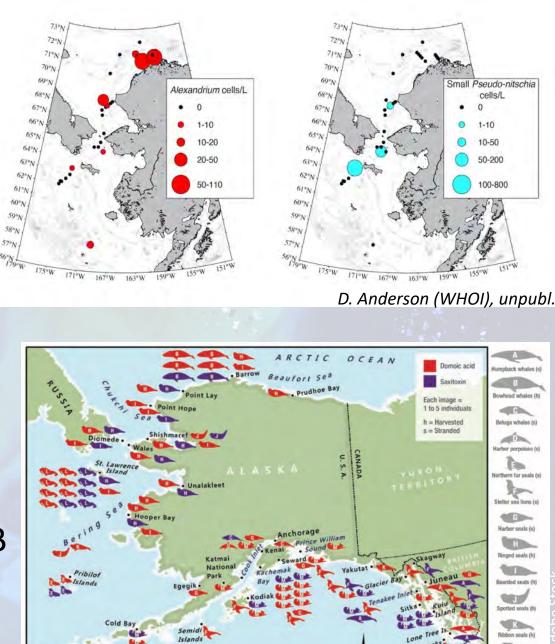
Alexandrium

HAB monitoring

- Long history of work and coordinated sampling effort in the Gulf of Alaska
- Monitoring HAB species presence and abundance in water samples, and toxin concentration in animal tissues
- In Arctic, projects have started on HAB species offshore and toxin levels in marine mammals and birds
- A few areas have started to look at HAB species near shore (Nome, Diomede)



The Eye on Alaska's Coasts and Ocec Lefebvre et al. (2016)





Expanding HAB monitoring in the Arctic

- Essential to start a baseline time series now to detect future changes
- Utilize the sampling strength of communities
- Goal: provide support/training/funding to communities interested in sampling for HAB species and toxins
- Complement targeted research efforts on food web
- Pilot program in 2022 aiming for 3 communities to do weekly sampling, funded through individual payments



The Eye on Alaska's Coasts and Oceans

Establishing a Baseline Monitoring Program for Harmful Algal Blooms (HABs) in the Arctic

Thomas Farrugia Alaska Harmful Algal Bloom Network Coordinator, Alaska Ocean Observing System (AOOS)

farrugia@aoos.org



FARNOR

& CITIZE

MUNIT