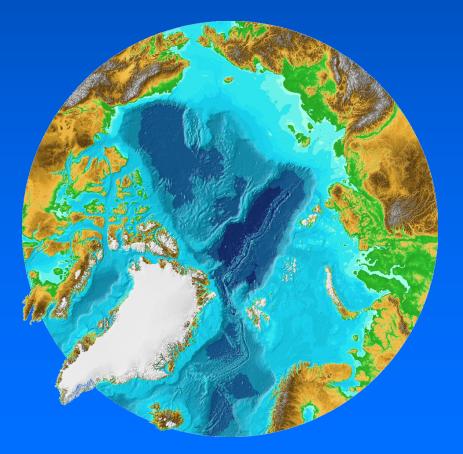


GIS Tools for Accessing Arctic Bathymetry: International Bathymetric Chart of the Arctic Ocean (IBCAO)



Martin Jakobsson
Center for Coastal and Ocean Mapping
Joint Hydrographic Center
University of New Hampshire





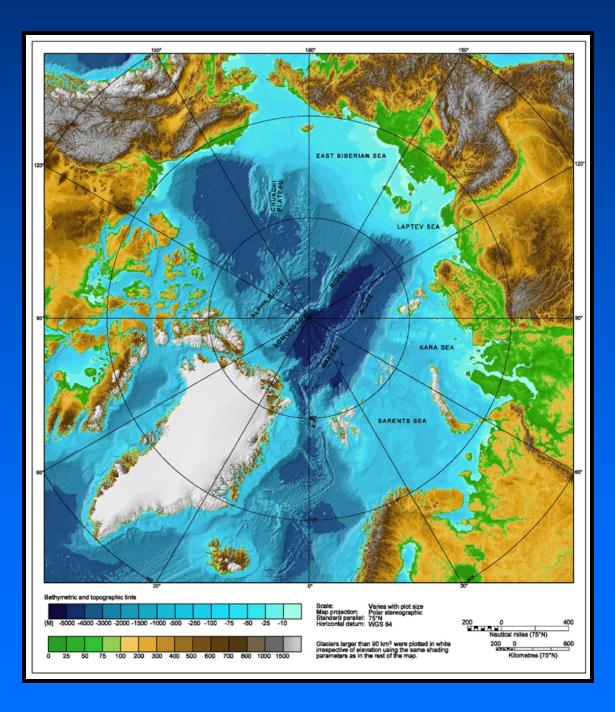








- 1. The IBCAO bathymetry model
- 2. Users of IBCAO
- 3. GIS tools for accessing the IBCAO grid model
- 4. Future IBCAO GIS products (Error estimation of the IBCAO bathymetry, vector contours)



IBCAO

Grid model representing
Arctic Ocean bathymetry
and topography

Grid cell spacing:

2.5 x 2.5 km

Projection:

Polar stereographic

True scale: 75° N

Datum: WGS 84













TRACKLINE SOURCES

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US and British Royal Navy nuclear submarine cruises (1958 - 1988).

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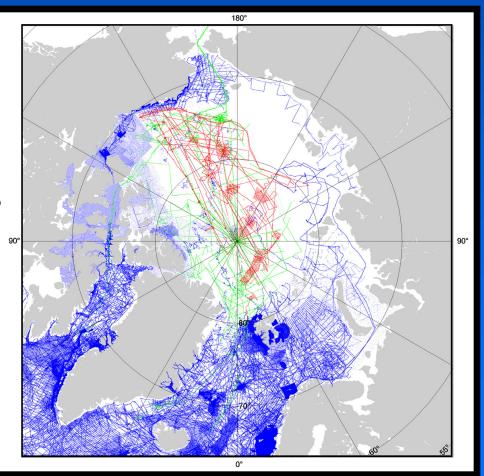
Soundings collected by nuclear submarines during the SCICEX program (1993-1999

00000

Soundings collected by surface vessels primarely obtained from four archives:

- (1) the US National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC)
- (2) the US Naval Research Laboratory (NRL)
- (3) the Canadian Hydrographic Service (CHS)
- (4) the Royal Danish Administration of Navigation and Hydrography (RDANH)

Recent acquisitions provided by agencies that mobilized missions aboard the Swedish icebreaker Oden (1991, 1996) and the German research vessel Polarstern (1990, 1994, 1995, 1997) are also marked in blue.















MAP SOURCES



Contours drawn during this present work in order to faciliate the computer gridding.



Navigational charts published by the Russian Federation's Head Department of Navigation and Oceanography (HDNO).



Newly-published Russian map (Head Dep. of Navigation and Oceanography et al., 1999).



Bathymetry in the Gulf of Bothnia was derived from a digital grid compiled by Seifert and Kayser (1995).



Charts published by the US Naval Research Laboratory (Perry et al., 1985; Cherkis et al., 1991; Matishov et al., 1995).



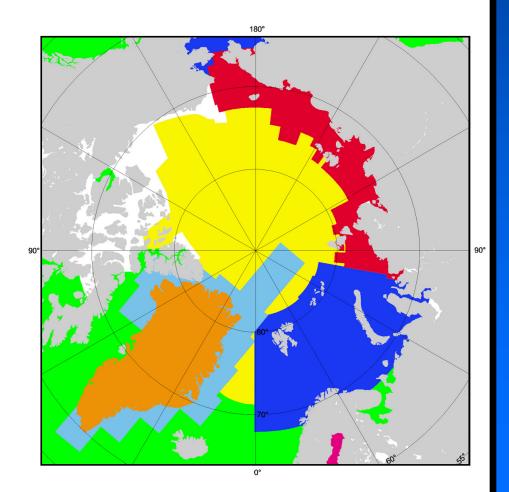
Contours retrieved from GEBCO Digital Atlas.



Greenland DTM developed by KMS, the Danish Cadaster and Mapping Agency (Ekholm, 1996).



GTOPO30 topographic model (U.S. Geological Survey, 1997).









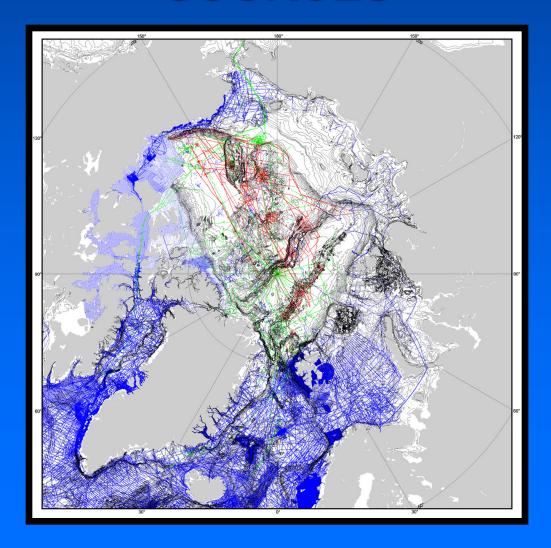








SOURCES













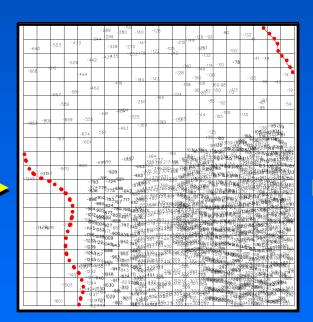


GRID COMPILATION

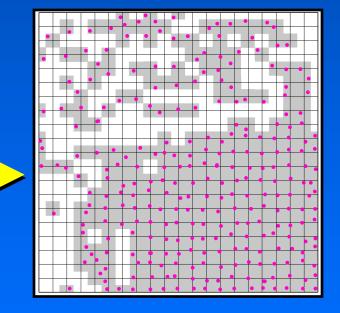
Data gathering

(MGE)

Data
cleaning & mining
(MGE)



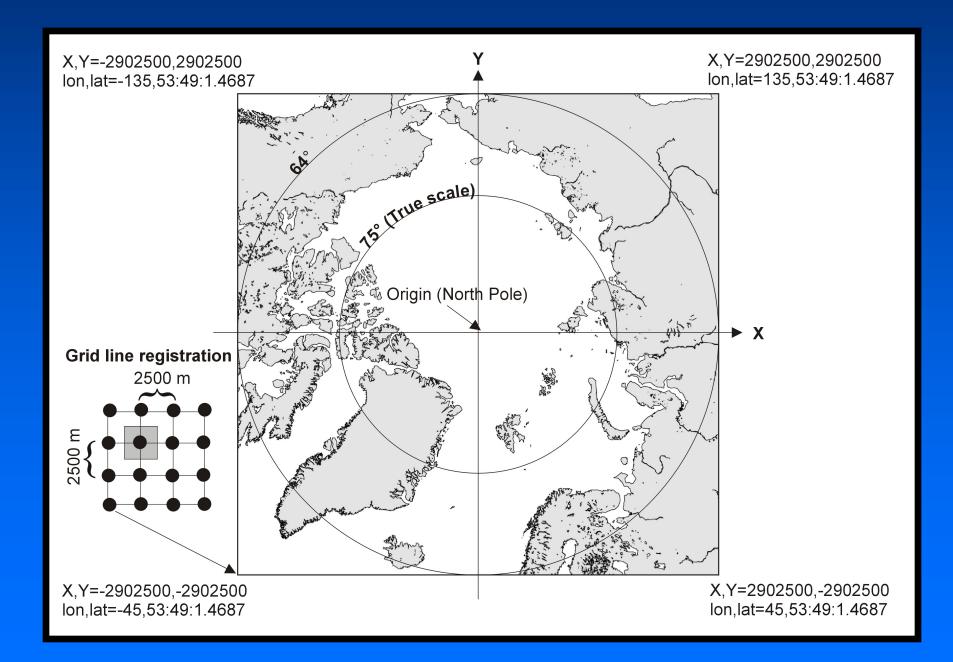
Block median filtering

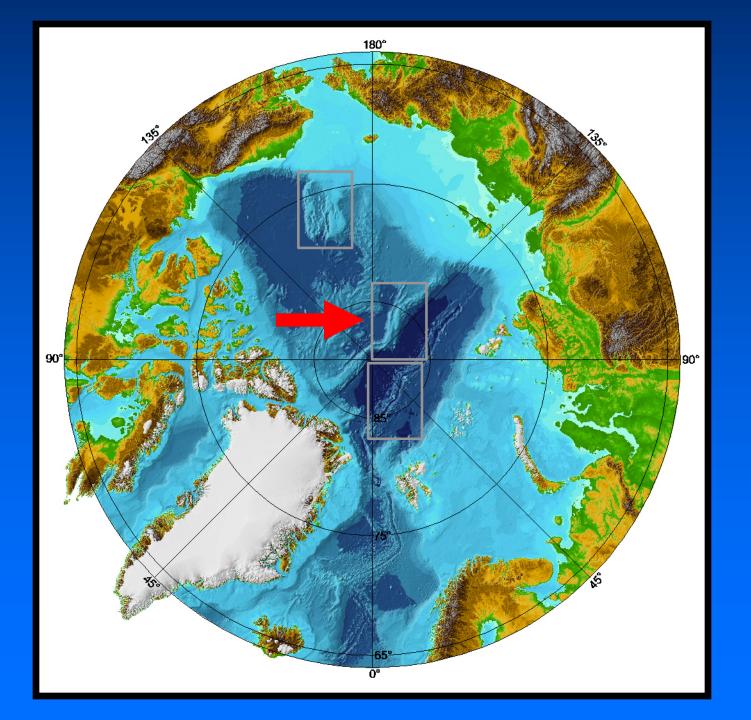




Gridding using continuous curvature splines in tension (Smith & Wessel, 1990)









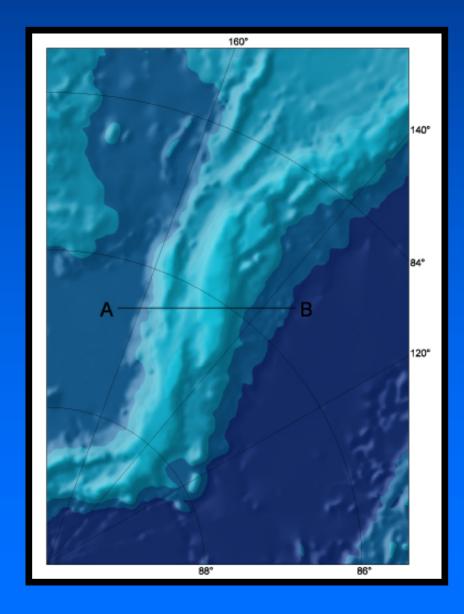


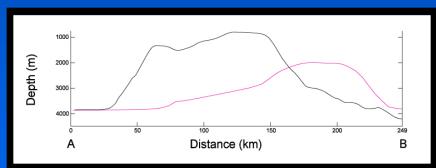
























IBCAO web site:

http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/bathymetry/arctic/arctic.html















USERS OF THE IBCAO BATHYMETRY GRID

Oceanography modeling (e.g. Arctic ice-ocean model for the Polar Ice prediction System (PIPS), US Naval Postgraduate School; ARCICE, Southampton Oceanography Centre, UK)

Geophysical modeling
lce sheet modeling
Cartographic applications

IBCAO web site news:

February, 26 652 accesses and 99297 hits















GIS Tools for accessing the IBCAO model

ESRI: ArcView, ArcInfo (Spatial Analyst, Arc Grid)

Intergraph: MGE (Terrain Analyst)

Geomedia (MFworks from ThinkSpace Inc.)

Clarks Labs: Idrisi32

Caris: HIPS





















Geophysical and Mapping softwares

IVS: Fledermaus



Public domain: Generic Mapping Tools



Web GIS tools

Intergraph: Geomedia Web Map

ESRI: ArcIMS3



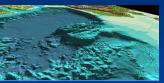












THE NESSECITY FOR AN ERROR ESTIMATION

Regional grid models representing bathymetry/topography are often used as a base for oceanographic/climate/geophysical/ice sheet modeling

The modeling results are often interpreted without knowledge of the spatial differences in reliability of the underlying bathymetry/topography model

The idea is to create a grid with the same structure as the bathymetry/topography grid containing an estimate of the standard deviation of the errors of the bathymetry/topography









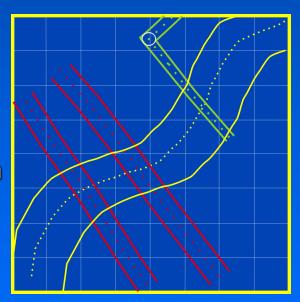






USING THE MONTE CARLO METHOD FOR ERROR ESTIMATION

- 1. Randomly vary the source data within constraints determined by meta data (navigation, echo sounder etc)
- 2. Go through the process with which the bathymetry grid is compiled (block median filtering + continuous curvature splines in tension)



This processes are continued until......



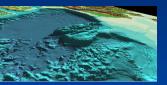




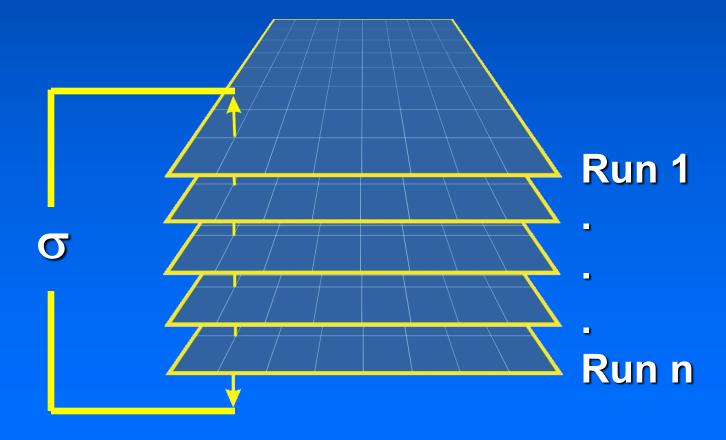






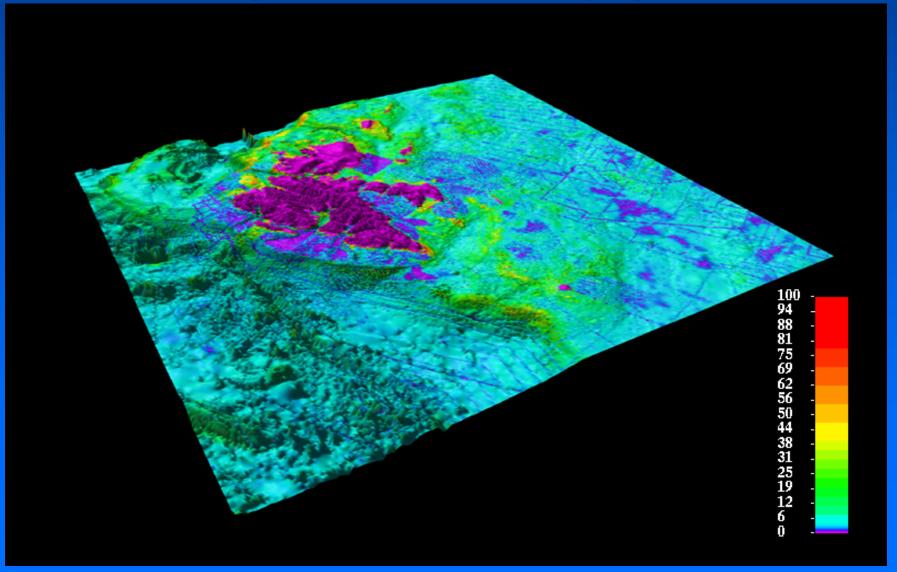


STATISTICS



Standard deviation of estimated error

(% of block median depth)



IBCAO contours in Geomedia

