BOWHEADS: THE "STAY AT HOME" WHALES



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Why Migrate at all?

Food
Breeding
Predators
Calving
Environmental conditions

Types of migration

Seasonal

Latitudinal migration

Altitudinal migration

Reproductive migration

Nomadic migration

Removal migration

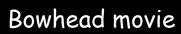
Complete migration

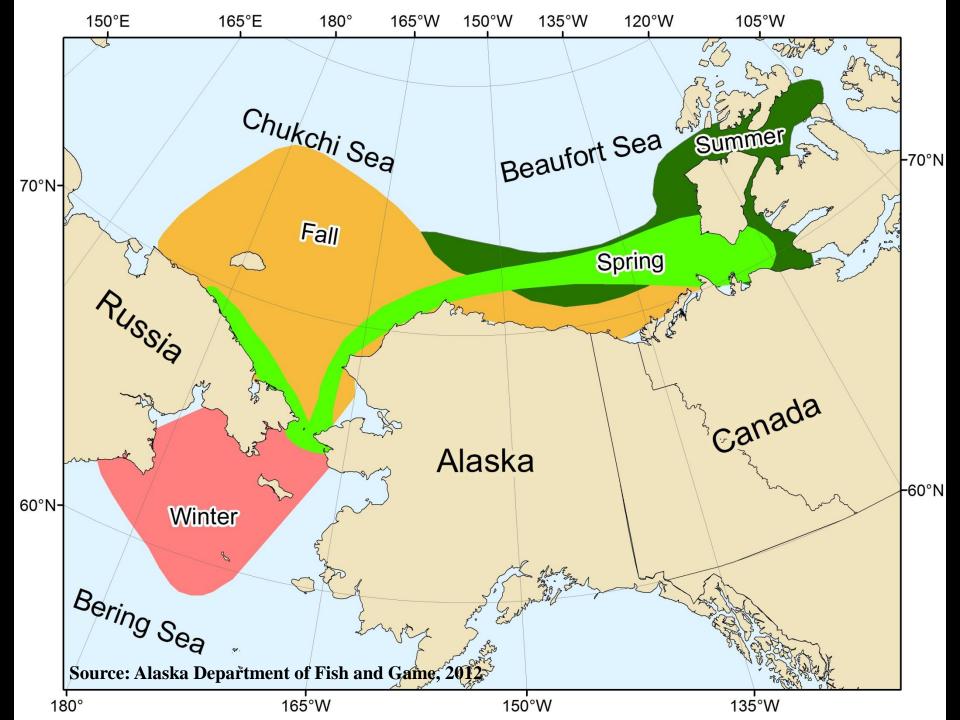
Virtually all members of the species leave their breeding range

Partial migration

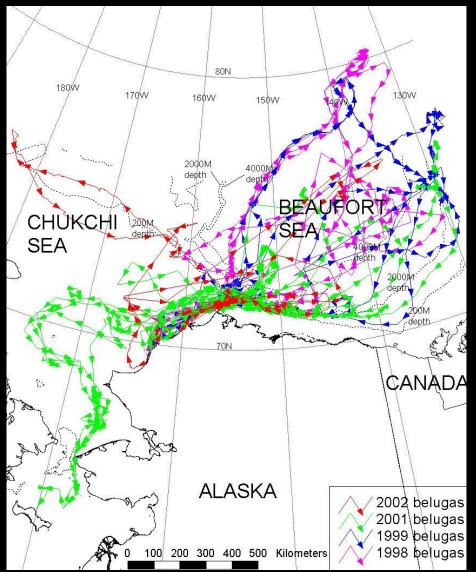
Some but not all migrate; Ravens, Herring gulls

Irruptive migration





Beluga





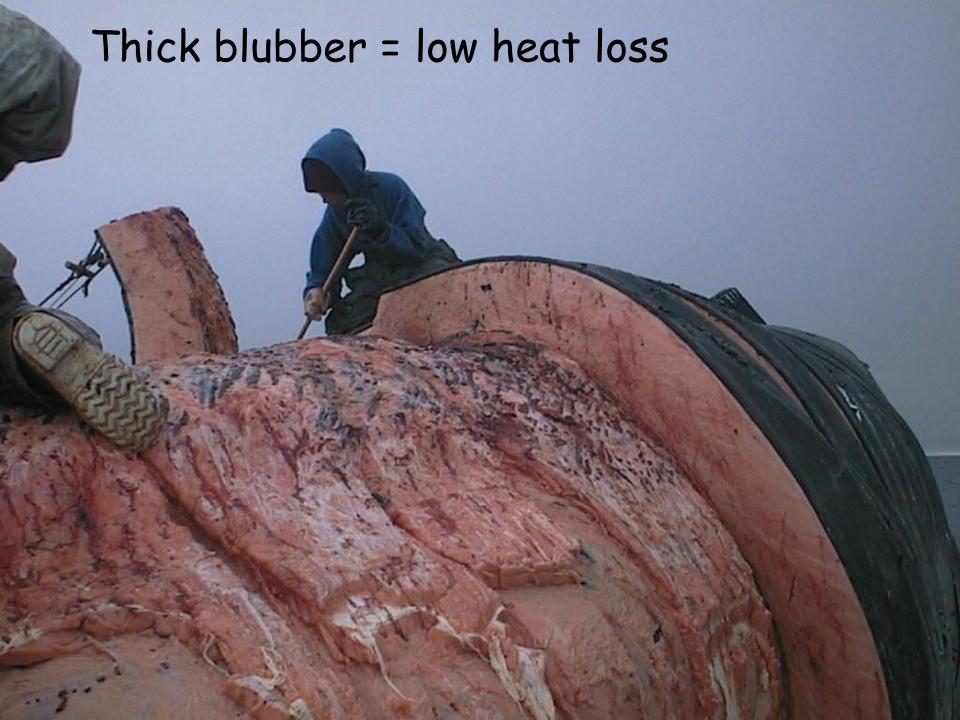
What if you don't migrate out of the Arctic?

Adapt!: Raised rostrum or "bowed-head" Blubber thickness Low body temperatures Calving Long Baleen Low Metabolic Rates? Live forever...









Postmortem body temperatures

Flukes 16.0 °C <u>+</u> 4.4

Pectorals 0.5 - 4.9 °C + 3.7

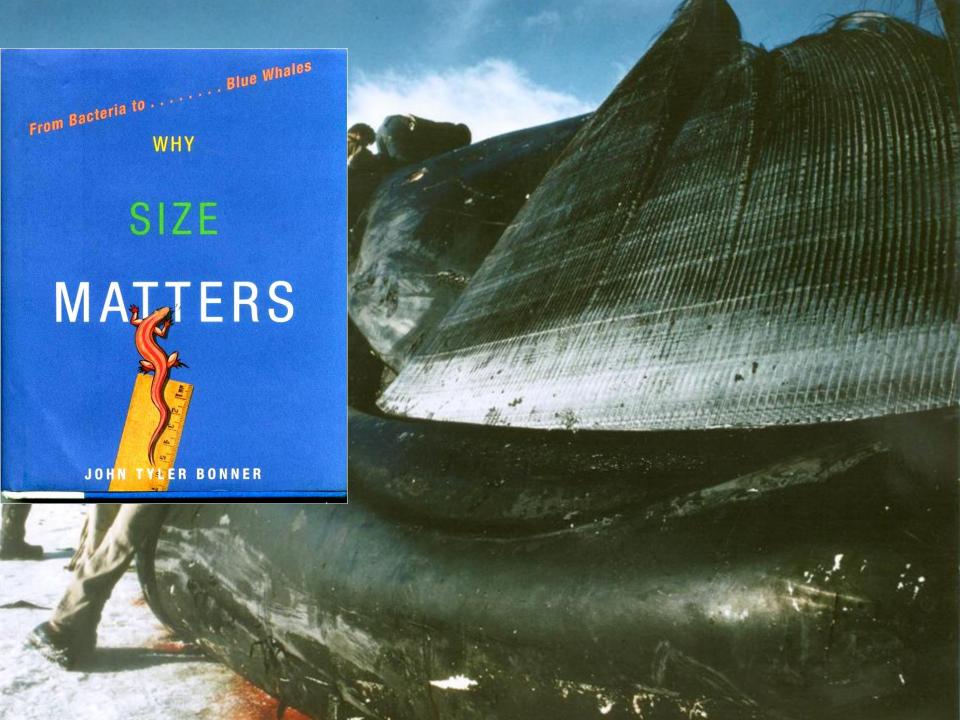
Dist. rostrum 15.9 °C + 5.0

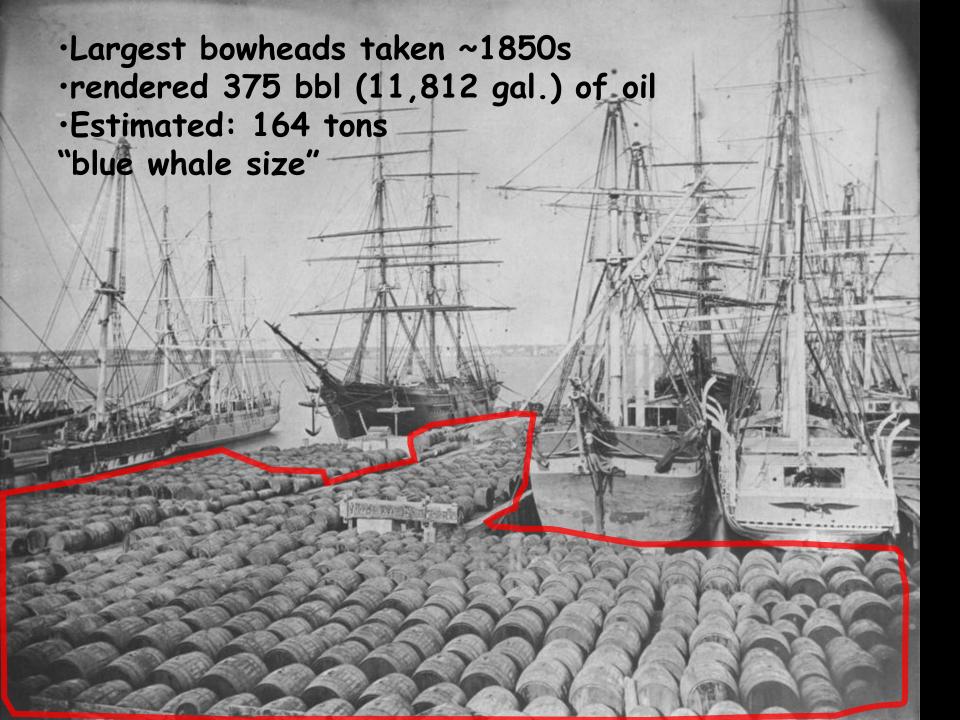
Core 33.8 °C <u>+</u> 0.83, N = 28

Prox. rostrum 23.6 °C <u>+</u> 2.1

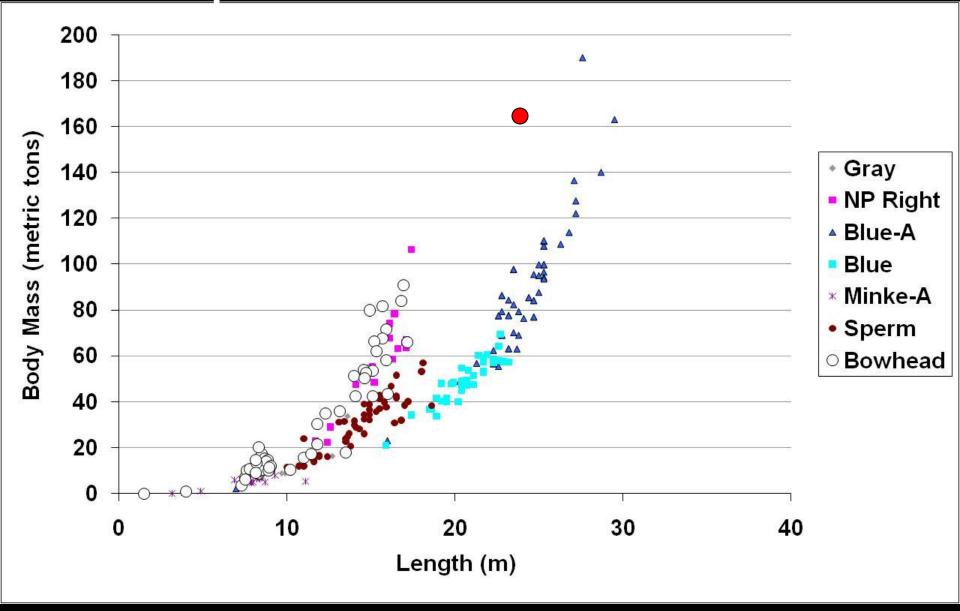
Tongue 27.9° C + 3.37

Dist. Flukes 0.5 °C ± 1.1



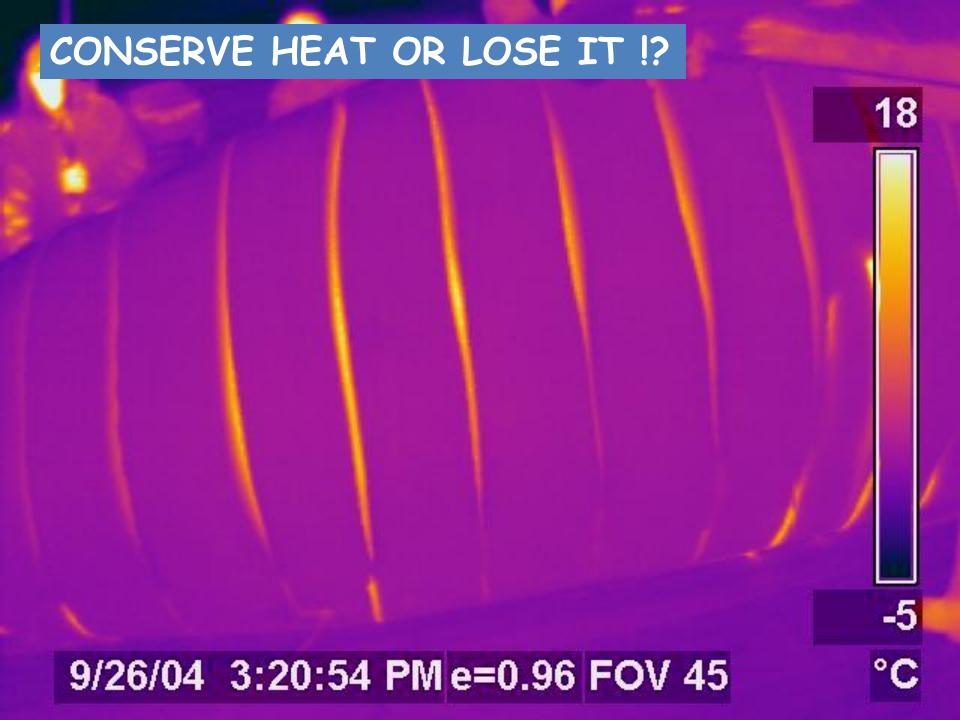


Comparison with other cetaceans











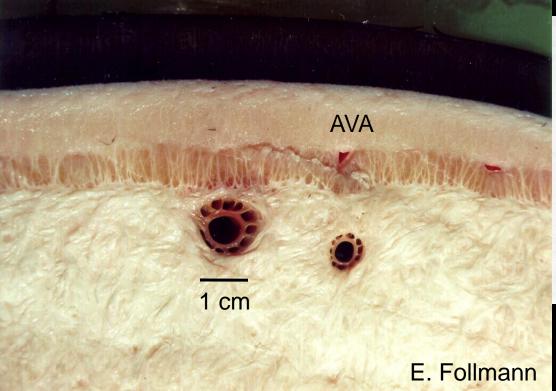
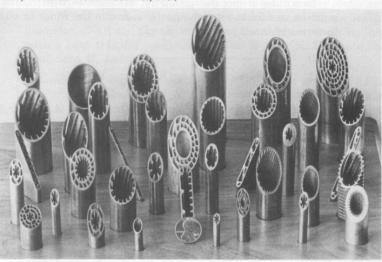
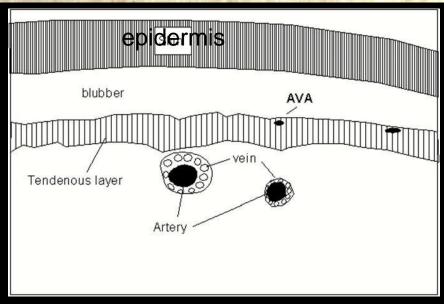
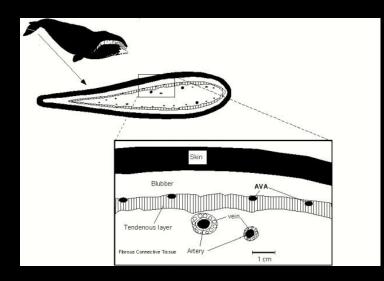


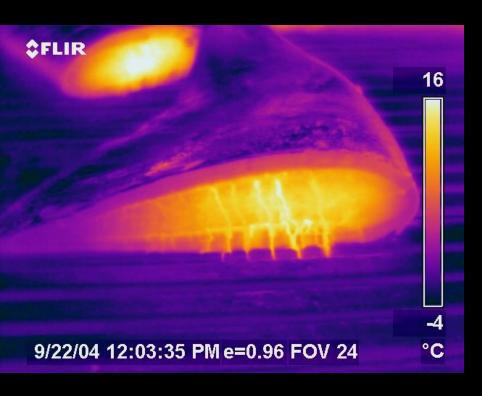
Figure 10.7 An array of internal fin-tube designs. (Courtesy of Forge-Fin Division, Noranda Metal Industries, Inc.)



source: F. White. 1991. Heat and Mass Transfer









Cross section of flukes.

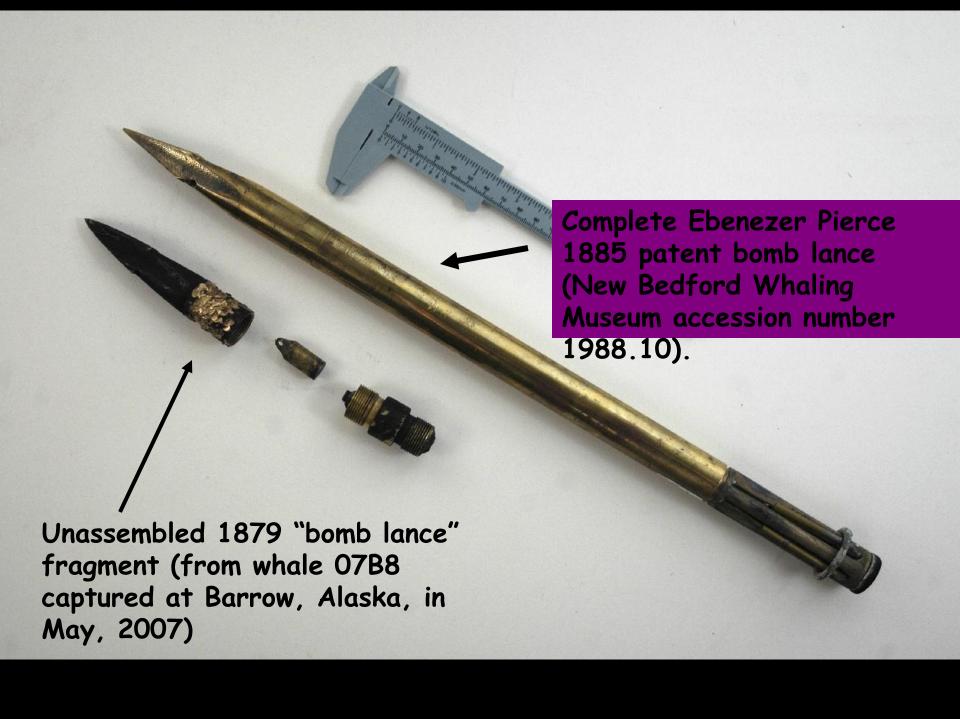






Ben Ahmaogak, Sr.





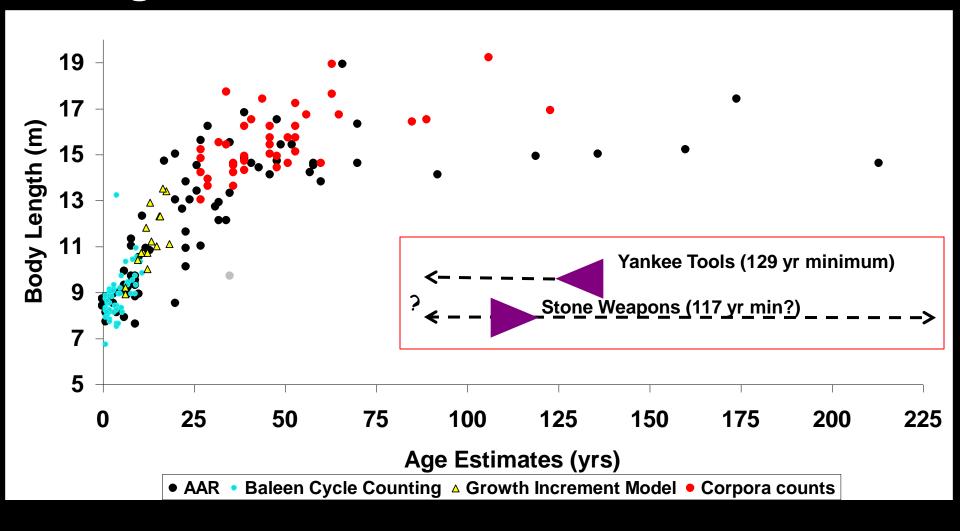


Pierce 1879 bomb-lance fragment from Spring 2007



Close up of owner's marks

Age Estimates





- Highly variable low density prey field
- Slow energy accumulation and growth
- · Demands of high lipid storage (thermoregulation and food variability)
- leads to delayed maturity
- adjustment of longevity to ensure reproduction



So, forget the trip to Hawaii, and just stay at home and enjoy yourself!

